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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

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Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

EPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINN	_{IING} 01/01/2005	AND ENI	OING_12/3	1/2005
	MM/DD/Y	YY		MM/DD/YY
A	. REGISTRANT IDE	NTIFICATION		
IAME OF BROKER-DEALER: Mor	nex Securities, Inc.			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE O	F BUSINESS: (Do not use	e P.O. Box No.)		FIRM I.D. NO.
Sage Plaza, 5151 San Felipe, Suite 13	350			
	(No. and St	reet)		
Houston	Texas		77056	
(City)	(Sta	nte)	(Zi	p Code)
IAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER Jorge Ramos Landero	OF PERSON TO CONTA	CT IN REGARD TO		ORT - 877-8234
			(/	Area Code – Telephone Numb
В.	ACCOUNTANT IDE	NTIFICATION		
NDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNT Phillip V. George, PLLC 2300 Honey Locust Drive	(Name – if individual, s.	tate last, first, middle name	?)	
-	Irving	700000	Texas	75063
(Address)	(City)	PROCES	SED	(Zip Code)
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Certified Public Account	tant	Transaco		
Certified Public AccounPublic Accountant	tant	THUMSO	N	
☐ Public Accountant	in United States or any of	FINANCI)N AL	
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☐ Public Accountant	in United States or any of	FINANCIA its possessions.	ON AL	

*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

SEC 1410 (06-02)

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OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I,Jorge Ramos Landero		, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial s ${\bf Monex\ Securities, Inc.}$	tatement ar	and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
of December 31	, ₂₀ 05	, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprietor, princi		· ·
classified solely as that of a customer, except as follow		
·		
GEORGINA CROSS	+	Many
Notary Public, State of Texas My Commission Expires	`	Signature
December 02, 2009		Jorge Ramos Landero 713-877-8234
(Da = M /		Title
Certago Cross		
Notary Public		
This report ** contains (check all applicable boxes):		
(a) Facing Page.		
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.		
∠ (c) Statement of Income (Loss).∠ (d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.		
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity		
☐ (f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinat ☐ (g) Computation of Net Capital.	ted to Clair	ns of Creditors.
(g) Computation of Net Capital. (h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Re	quirements	Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or Con	trol Requir	ements Under Rule 15c3-3.
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explar Computation for Determination of the Reserve		e Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the
	-	ements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.		·
 ✓ (1) An Oath or Affirmation. ✓ (m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report. 		
	ound to exis	st or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.
**For conditions of confidential treatment of certain p		ship filing and postion 240 17+ 5(-1/2)
***For conditions of confidential treatment of certain p	ortions of t	ints fuing, see section 240.1/a-5(e)(5).

MONEX SECURITIES, INC. FINANCIAL REPORT DECEMBER 31, 2005

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PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors Monex Securities, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of Monex Securities, Inc. (a wholly-owned subsidiary of Monex Casa de Bolsa, S.A. de C.V.) as of December 31, 2005, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Monex Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

Delp V. Sen. pur

Irving, Texas February 10, 2006

MONEX SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Financial Condition December 31, 2005

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Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,870,858
Receivable from clearing broker/dealer	Ψ	579,773
•	i İ	
Prepaid expenses		13,263
Marketable securities		43,858
Clearing deposit		100,000
Property and equipment, net		9,356
Deposit		5,089
2 Opcoli		3,007
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	2,622,197
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>Ψ</u>	2,022,177
	!	
I LADII ITIES AND STOCKHOLDEDIS FOLITY		
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		
Liabilities	t.	
Liabilities		
		10.000
Accounts payable	\$	13,969
Commissions payable	!	88,009
Services fee payable to Parent		33,294
Income taxes payable		230,997
this is a second of the second of th	·	
Total Liabilities		366,269
Total Liabilities	<u> </u>	300,207
Stockholdonia Equity	1	
Stockholder's Equity	í	
0 1 1 000 1		
Common stock, 1,000 shares	1	
authorized, issued, and outstanding, \$.01 par value		10
Additional paid-in capital		1,713,398
Retained earnings	<u> </u> -	542,520
Transmitted Advisings		
TOTAL STOCKHOLDER'S FOLLITY		2,255,928
TOTAL STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	<u> </u>	2,233,926
MODAL VALDINAMIES AND STOCKED STOCKED STOCKED	en e	2 (22 107
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY		2,622,197
i	•	

MONEX SECURITIES, INC.

Statement of Income Year Ended December 31, 2005

Revenue

Securities commissions Other revenue		\$ 2,709,456 44,593
TOTAL REVENUE	İ	2,754,049
Expenses		
Compensation and related costs		1,014,380
Clearing and other charges		181,429
Occupancy and equipment	<u> </u>	32,460
Errors and bad debts		55,540
Communications		19,706
Services fees paid to Parent	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	547,403
Regulatory fees and expenses		13,470
Professional fees	i .	151,210
Other expenses		79,695
TOTAL EXPENSES		2,095,293
Net income before provision for income taxes	:	658,756
Provision for income taxes		229,685
NET INCOME	:	\$ 429,071

MONEX SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity Year Ended December 31, 2005

	Common Shares	Comi Sto		Additional Paid-in Capital		Retained Earnings	_	Total
Balances at December 31, 2004	1,000	\$	10	\$ 1,713,398	\$	113,449	\$	1,826,857
Net income	· 					429,071		429,071
Balances at December 31, 2005	1,000	\$	10_	\$ 1,713,398	_\$_	542,520	_\$_	2,255,928

MONEX SECURITIES, INC. Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended December 31, 2005

Cash flows from operating activities:	
Net income	\$ 429,071
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	
provided by operating activities:	1
Unrealized loss on marketable securities	542
Depreciation expense	600
Changes in assets and liabilities	
Increase in receivable from clearing broker/dealer	(360,656)
Increase in prepaid expenses	(3,205)
Increase in clearing deposit	(100,000)
Increase in accounts payable	4,735
Increase in commissions payable	29,525
Decrease in payable to clearing broker/dealer	(38,309)
Decrease in services fee payable to Parent	(10,603)
Increase in income taxes payable	151,075
Net cash provided by operating activities	102,775
Cash flows from investing activities:	
Purchase of marketable securities	(44,400)
Purchase of property and equipment	(2,002)
Net cash used in investing activities	(46,402)
Increase in cash and cash equivalents	56,373
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,814,485
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 1,870,858
Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information	: • :
Cash paid during the year for:	
Interest	\$ -
Income taxes	\$ 78,609

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Business:

Monex Securities, Inc. (Company) was organized in January 1992 as a Delaware corporation. The Company is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Monex Casa de Bolsa, S.A. de C.V. (Parent), a Mexican corporation and registered Mexican broker. The Company is registered as a broker/dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. (NASD). The Company's management and administrative operations are located in Texas and related sales activities are conducted primarily in Mexico. The Company's customers are primarily individuals and institutions located throughout Mexico.

Significant Accounting Policies:

Basis of Accounting

The Company operates under the provisions of Paragraph (k)(2)(ii) of Rule 15c3-3 of the SEC and, accordingly, is exempt from the remaining provisions of that Rule. Essentially, the requirements of Paragraph (k)(2)(ii) provide that the Company clear all transactions on behalf of customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker/dealer, and promptly transmit all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker/dealer. The clearing broker/dealer carries all of the accounts of the customers and maintains and preserves all related books and records as are customarily kept by a clearing broker/dealer.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of the assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash Equivalents

Money market funds and highly liquid investments, generally government obligations and commercial paper, with an original maturity of three months or less are reflected as cash equivalents in the accompanying statement of financial condition and for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Marketable Securities

Marketable securities are held for investment purposes and are carried at fair value. The increase or decrease in fair value is credited or charged to operations.

Note 1 - Nature of Business and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is carried at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is provided for using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of five to seven years.

Income Taxes

The Company files its income tax return on a separate company basis.

Security Transactions

Security transactions and the related commission revenue and expenses are recorded on a trade date basis.

Note 2 - Transactions with Clearing Broker/Dealer

The Company's clearing broker/dealer is a national United States clearing broker/dealer. The agreement with the clearing broker/dealer provides for clearing charges at a fixed rate multiplied by the number of tickets traded by the Company. The agreement also requires the Company to maintain a minimum of \$100,000 as a deposit in an account with the clearing broker/dealer.

Note 3 - Net Capital Requirements

The Company is subject to the SEC uniform net capital rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of a minimum amount of net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. Rule 15c3-1 also provides that equity capital may not be withdrawn or cash dividends paid if the resulting net capital ratio would exceed 10 to 1. At December 31, 2005, the Company had net capital and net capital requirements of 2,142,513 and \$250,000 respectively. The Company's net capital ratio was .17 to 1.

Note 4 - Marketable Securities

Marketable securities consist of one foreign corporate bond with a fair value of \$43,858, cost of \$44,400, accumulated unrealized loss of \$542 and unrealized loss for the year ended December 31, 2005 of \$542, which is reflected in the accompanying statement of income in securities commissions.

Note 5 - Property and Equipment

Property and equipment is recorded at cost less accumulated depreciation and consists of the following:

Equipment	\$ 3,86	8
Furniture and fixtures	6,28	<u>6</u>
	10,15	4
Accumulated depreciation	(798)
	\$ 9,35	<u>6</u>

Depreciation expense for the year was \$600 and is reflected in the accompanying statement of income in occupancy and equipment costs.

Note 6 - Related Party Transactions

The Company entered into a services agreement (Agreement) with its Parent effective in January 2003. The Agreement requires the Parent to provide administrative services to the Company. The Company is required to repay the costs incurred by the Parent under the agreement, plus a 16% markup. The term of the agreement is indefinite and may be terminated by either party with 90 days written notice. The total amount incurred under this Agreement for the year ended December 31, 2005 was \$547,403, of which \$33,294 is payable at December 31, 2005.

Note 7 - Commitments and Contingencies

Operating Leases

The Company leases office space under a noncancelable operating lease expiring in August 2009. Future minimum lease payments due for each of the years ending December 31, are as follows:

2006		\$ 29,730
2007		29,863
2008		30,533
2009	, I	20,355
Thereafter		
		\$ 110 481

Office rent expense for the year was \$24,924 and is reflected in the accompanying statement of income in occupancy and equipment costs.

Note 7 - Commitments and Contingencies (continued)

Contingencies

There are currently no asserted claims or legal proceedings against the Company; however, the nature of the Company's business subjects it to various claims, regulatory examinations, and other proceedings in the ordinary course of business. The ultimate outcome of any such action against the Company could have an adverse impact on the financial condition, results of operations, or cash flows of the Company.

Note 8 - Off-Balance-Sheet Risk and Concentration of Credit Risk

As discussed in Note 1, the Company's customers' securities transactions are introduced on a fully disclosed basis with its clearing broker/dealer. The clearing broker/dealer carries all of the accounts of the customers of the Company and is responsible for execution, collection and payment of funds, and receipt and delivery of securities relative to customer transactions. Off-balance-sheet risk exists with respect to these transactions due to the possibility that customers may be unable to fulfill their contractual commitments wherein the clearing broker/dealer may charge any losses it incurs to the Company. The Company seeks to minimize this risk through procedures designed to monitor the credit worthiness of its customers and that customer transactions are executed properly by the clearing broker/dealer.

Cash held at December 31, 2005 exceeded the federally insured limit by \$15,161; however, this at risk amount is subject to significant fluctuations on a daily basis.

The Company has \$2,472,828 or approximately 94%, of its total assets in cash equivalents (consisting of United States Treasury Bills and commercial paper), commissions receivable, marketable securities and a clearing deposit due from or held by the Company's clearing broker/dealer.

Schedule I

MONEX SECURITIES, INC.

Computation of Net Capital and Aggregate Indebtedness Pursuant to Rule 15c3-1 December 31, 2005

Total stockholder's equity qualified for net capital	\$ 2,255,928
Deductions and/or charges Non-allowable assets:	
Receivable from clearing broker/dealer	81,488
Prepaid expenses	13,263
Property and equipment, net	9,356
Deposit	5,089
Total non-allowable assets	109,196
Net capital before haircuts on securities positions	2,146,732
Haircuts on securities:	
Marketable securities	4,219
Net Capital	\$ 2,142,513
Aggregate indebtedness	
Accounts payable	\$ 13,969
Commissions payable	88,009
Services fee payable to Parent	33,294
Income taxes payable	230,997
meome taxes payable	
Total aggregate indebtedness	\$ 366,269
Computation of basic net capital requirement	
Minimum net capital required (greater of \$250,000 or	
6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness)	\$ 250,000
Net capital in excess of minimum requirement	\$ 1,892,513
	17. 1
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital	.17 to 1

Schedule II

MONEX SECURITIES, INC. Reconciliation of the Computation of Net Capital with that of the Registrant as Filed in Part IIA of Form X-17a-5 As of December 31, 2005

Net capital as reported by Registrant in Part IIA of Form X	I-17a-5
as of December 31, 2005 (unaudited)	2,110,257
Audit adjustments:	:
Decrease in receivable from clearing broker/dealer	(22,800)
Decrease in accounts payable	7,752
Increase in income taxes payable	(4,008)
Decrease in haircuts on securities	51,312
	фо. 1.40. с.12.
Net capital as computed on Schedule I	\$2,142,513

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

Board of Directors Monex Securities, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of Monex Securities, Inc. (the Company) for the year ended December 31, 2005, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2005 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

PHILLIP V. GEORGE, PLLC

Jen. Merr. Puc

Irving, Texas February 10, 2006